

HOW TO FILL THE COAL GAP

43% RES BY 2030

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Challenge









Report How to fill the coal gap? 43% RES by 2030, prepared by Forum Energii in cooperation with the Institute of Power Engineering, Gdańsk Division.

Coal gap

- Both dispatchable power and generation from coal power plants will decline.
- Power and generation coal gap will have to be filled.





Visualisation of the generation gap problem

Source: Modernising the European lignite triangle, Forum Energii 2020

Power unit construction time

- Investment process of gas power plants is over 7 years.
- PV can be built in 6 months to 3 years.
- Wind farms can be built in 3 to 9 years (onshore and offshore).





Investment cycle

Sources: NIK, WindEurope, IEO, Forum Energii

Objective of the analysis

- **Objective 1:** How much RES in the power system until 2030? Assumed high level of security of supply.
- **Objective 2:** How much gas/new conventional units do we need by 2030?



Approach

Methodology

- Different power mixes of different technologies have been modelled to ensure that demand is adequatly covered.
- Determined dispatchable capacities in 2030:
 - Hard coal: **12.9 GW**, lignite: **4.1 GW**, gas: **4.4 GW**
 - Optimisation of production from RES

Assumptions

- High level of security of supply (reliance on national sources, appropriate level of reserves, "must run" dispatschable capacities)
- Maximising RES production
- Minimising installed capacity of new conventional units
- Maximum use of regulatory resources for balancing
- Conservative approach



RES potential by 2030

- Photovoltaics 13.2 GW
- Onshore wind power **10.6 GW**
- Offshore wind energy **5.2 GW**
- Hydropower (without pumped storage power plants) – **1.1 GW**
- Solid biomass 1.4 GW
- Biogas 2.25 GW





Current and projected renewable capacity in 2030

The role of flexibility

- System with a high share of RES cannot rely solely on generation sources.
- It must make use of the potential of such sources of flexibility as DSR, heat pumps and electric cars.

Assumed levels of ancillary services

- Heat pumps: up to 1 million 2.57 GW
- Electric vehicles: 680 000 units **1.36 GW**
- Energy storage **5 GW** including pumped storage
- Power to heat **3.2 GW**
- DSR 2.8 GW
- Cross-border connections 2.36 GW



Results



Optimal energy mix in 2030 (1)



12%



PHOTOVOLTAICS

6%

BIOGAS 6%

BIOMASS 3%

HYDRO 2%

Optimal energy mix in 2030 (2)

- **43% of electricity from RES** in 2030 is achievable
- Security of supply will be assured
- Wind and solar energy approx. **32–33%**
- CAPEX 136–168 billion PLN





Gas demand

- Maximum 3 GW of new gas generation capacity OCGT
- The last, third GW of capacity, will work only several hours per year on average





Annual demand dispatchable generation (new and existing)

Balancing the power system – step 1

Overcapacity:

- Approx. 1 300 h annually
- Oversupply 3 TWh

Capacity shortage:

- Approx. 430 h annually
- Power reserve not covered
- Maximum deficit 6 GW

Adjusting supply and demand:

- Electric vehicles
- Heat pumps
- Energy storage

Result:

- **Overcapacity** periods reduced from 1 300 h to 800 h
- Capacity shortage periods reduced from 430 h to 120 h





Balancing the power system – step 2



Key results

- By 2030 in Poland there will be the problem of power balancing (generation gap).
- Taking into account the length of investement processes Poland can choose:
 - RES and gas on the side of new generation units
 - greater market flexibility and energy efficiency
- The potential of natural gas is limited due to economic and enivronmental reasons.
- RES can fill the coal gap. RES share in electricity production in 2030 may amount to 43%.
- To balance the power system we need an additional max. 3 GW of flexible gas units.

Recommendations

Three key actions need to be taken:

- Increase the development of RES by 2030. Outline objectives and mobilize the market.
- Take into account the potential for electrification of transport and heating.
- Further transform the electricity market towards greater sector coupling and flexibility.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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